Cell Use Instruction - RAW 264.7-Luc Cell Line

Product Info

		H1V				
Catalog	YC-C020-Luc-P					
Cell line	RAW 264.7-Luc	Morphology	monocyte/macrophage,ad herent			
Fluorescent & resistance	No fluorescence, Puro	Passage ratio	1:2-1:3			
Culture method	90%DMEM+10%FBS Ubigene didn't use P/S. But client could use P/S after cells grow in good condition after thawing.					
Cryopreservation solution	50%DMEM+40% FBS+10%DMSO	Antibiotic concentration for maintenance	Puro=3.0 μg/ml			
Special Note	Cells need to be passaged daily, cannot be digested with trypsin. Cells need to be digested by gently pipetting into single cells.					

Product Validation Data

(1) Luciferase validation process

Luciferase activity was detected using the Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System Kit (Promega, Cat: E1910), and the firefly luciferase reaction intensity was read in the Microplate Reader (BioTek, Synergy LX).



Figure 1. Luciferase activity validation workflow

(2) Luciferase assay results

Sample Name	Duplicated well 1	Duplicated well 2	Duplicated well 3	Average value	Ratio
RAW 264.7-Luc	79979	81434	74317	78576.667	55.926
RAW 264.7	1269	1531	1415	1405.000	33.920

Introduction of luciferase stable cell line

Reporter gene system is widely used in the study of eukaryotic gene expression and cell physiology. It is a common method to improve the accuracy of experiments. Luciferase is a common reporter gene system that uses luciferin or firefly aldehyde as the substrate to detect luciferase activity. It has been widely used in the study of gene expression because of its convenience, high sensitivity, and high success rate.

Ubigene's luciferase stable cell lines were constructed by the lentivirus method. Not only stably and efficiently expressing the luciferase gene, but it also has the advantages of strong specificity, high imaging quality, and accurate quantification of luminous intensity. It enables the flexible applications in various aspects including promoter activity research, mammalian cell two-hybrid experiments, and imaging experiments in living animals.

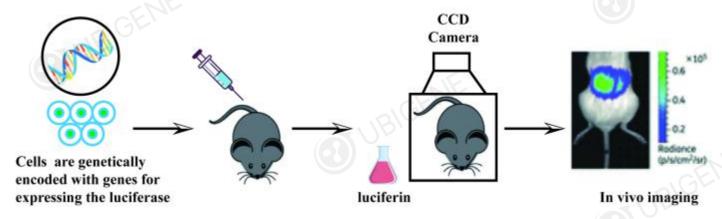


Figure 2. In vivo imaging process of luciferase stable tumor cell line

Cell Reception

Cryopreserved cells:

In the case of cryopreserved cells transported with dry ice, upon received, immediately transfer to liquid nitrogen for storage or store briefly at -80°C freezer, or proceed directly to cell thawing. Upon cell thawing, please count the cell number and cell viability and take some photos of the cells under different magnification (e.g. at 100x and 40x) as the records.

Notice: Upon received, please ensure to takes photos of the package, including dry ice and the tubes, and contact us within 24 hrs if any abnormalities such as dry ice has ran out, the cap of the cryovial is dislodged, broken and the cell is contaminated.

Cell Thawing

- 1) Preparation: warm up the complete culture medium in 37°C water bath for 30 mins. Transfer the cryopreserved vial from liquid nitrogen to - 80°C freezer, and leave for several minutes to volatilize residual liquid nitrogen;
- 2) Inside the ultra-clean bench, pipet 6-7 mL of complete medium into a 15 mL centrifuge tube;
- 3) Take out the cryopreserved vial from 80°C freezer and leave in dry ice temporarily, shake slightly

before thawing to remove residual dry ice and liquid nitrogen. Then hold the cap with forceps, quickly thaw cells in a 37°C water bath by gently swirling the vial (Note: keep the cap out of the water). In about 1 minute, it would completely thaw;

- 4) Inside the ultra-clean bench, sterilize the outer surface of the vial by wiping with an alcohol cotton pellet and leave it to dry. Transfer the thawed cells to the prepared centrifuge tube (step 2) by pipette, close the lid, and centrifuge at 1100 rpm for 4 mins at room temp to collect the cells;
- 5) Inside the ultra-clean bench, carefully remove and discard the supernatant. Resuspend cell pellet with 1mL of fresh complete medium and then transfer to a T25 flask (or 6 cm culture dish) containing 4 mL of complete medium, label the flask with cell name, date and passage no., incubate the flask in a 37°C, 5%CO2 incubator.

Note: Please do not thaw the cells directly to a T75 flask or 10 cm culture dish.

Cell Passaging

- 1) Cells need to be passaged daily. During cell passaging, inside the ultra-clean bench, gently pipet the cells into single cells (be sure to observe all cells not in clumps, and into single cells under the microscope);
- 2) Transfer the cell suspension into a 15 mL or 50 mL centrifuge tube, cells from same batch can be collected and put together, then put the cap and label;
- 3) Centrifuge at 1100 rpm for 4 mins at room temp. After centrifugation, remove and discard the supernatant and resuspend the cells with 2 mL of complete medium;

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4) Cells need to be passaged at appropriate passage ratio, 1:2 for the first passage.

Note: In order to maintain the stable expression of Luciferase gene, it is recommended to add antibiotics for culture when cell viability >70% (see the concentration for maintenance above).

Cell cryopreservation

- 1) Same as procedures of cell passaging, inside the ultra-clean bench, digest the cells to a single-cell suspension, and terminate digestion by adding complete medium. All liquid is transferred to a 50 mL centrifuge tube;
- 2) Mix well by pipetting and take 20 µL for cell counting;
- 3) Centrifuge at 1100 rpm for 4 mins at room temp. After centrifugation, remove and discard the supernatant, and resuspend the cells with 1-2 mL of 4°C pre-cooled cryopreservation medium (use the one you usually use in lab, or any commercial cryopreservation solutions are fine), then add cryopreservation medium to adjust to the required density (1x10⁶-1x10⁷cells/mL);
- 4) Aliquot the cell suspension to cryovials as 1 mL/tube, close the lid tightly, and the cryovials should be labeled with the cell name, source, cell passage number, and date of cryopreservation in advance:
- 5) Place the cryovials in 4°C pre-cooled Freezing Container, then put the container in -80°C freezers 3 UBIGENE within 15 mins after cell cryopreservation;
- 6) Stay overnight, transfer the cryovials to liquid nitrogen for long-term storage.